DOCUMENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INDICATOR DETERMINATION RCRA Corrective Action Environmental Indicator (EI) RCRIS code (CA725)

Current Human Exposures Under Control

	Name: Address: EPA ID #:	USA Waste of Virginia Landfills, Inc., Wheelabrator Landfill Bedford, Virginia VAD000063669			
1.	Has all available relevant/significant information on known and reasonably suspected releases to soil, groundwater, surface water/sediments, and air, subject to RCRA Corrective Action (e.g., from Solid Wast Management Units (SWMU), Regulated Units (RU), and Areas of Concern (AOC)), been considered in this EI determination?				
	<u>X</u>	If yes - check here and continue with #2 below.			
		If no - re-evaluate existing data, or			
		If data are not available skip to #6 and enter "IN" (more information needed) status code.			

BACKGROUND

Definition of Environmental Indicators (for the RCRA Corrective Action)

Environmental Indicators (EI) are measures being used by the RCRA Corrective Action program to go beyond programmatic activity measures (e.g., reports received and approved, etc.) to track changes in the quality of the environment. The two EI developed to-date indicate the quality of the environment in relation to current human exposures to contamination and the migration of contaminated groundwater. An EI for non-human (ecological) receptors is intended to be developed in the future.

Definition of "Current Human Exposures Under Control" EI

A positive "Current Human Exposures Under Control" EI determination ("YE" status code) indicates that there are no "unacceptable" human exposures to "contamination" (i.e., contaminants in concentrations in excess of appropriate risk-based levels) that can be reasonably expected under current land- and groundwater-use conditions (for all "contamination" subject to RCRA corrective action at or from the identified facility (i.e., site-wide)).

Relationship of EI to Final Remedies

While Final remedies remain the long-term objective of the RCRA Corrective Action program the EI are near-term objectives which are currently being used as Program measures for the Government Performance and Results Act of 1993, GPRA). The "Current Human Exposures Under Control" EI are for reasonably expected human exposures under current land- and groundwater-use conditions ONLY, and do not consider potential future land- or groundwater-use conditions or ecological receptors. The RCRA Corrective Action program's overall mission to protect human health and the environment requires that Final remedies address these issues (i.e., potential future human exposure scenarios, future land and groundwater uses, and ecological receptors).

Duration / Applicability of EI Determinations

EI Determinations status codes should remain in RCRIS national database ONLY as long as they remain true (i.e., RCRIS status codes must be changed when the regulatory authorities become aware of contrary information).

Are groundwater, soil, surface water, sediments, or air media known or reasonably suspected to be

Groundwater Air (indoors) ² Surface Soil (<2 Surface Water Sediment Subsurf. Soil (>2 Air (outdoors)	ft) 2 ft)	No X X X X X X X X X	?	Rationale / Key Contaminants
<u>X</u>		els," and ref	erencing suffic	"YE," status code after providing or cit cient supporting documentation demons
	"contaminated"	medium, cit	ing appropriate	tifying key contaminants in each e "levels" (or provide an explanation for an unacceptable risk), and referencing

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No exceedances of the Groundwater Protection Standards as documented in the Wheelabrator Landfill 2003 Sampling Year Annual Groundwater Monitoring Report. The soil beneath the cap is contaminated. Facility is in compliance with its post closure permit as per RCRA compliance evaluation inspection (CEI) conducted by the VADEQ West Central Regional Office (WCRO) in August 2004.

Footnotes:

2.

¹ "Contamination" and "contaminated" describes media containing contaminants (in any form, NAPL and/or dissolved, vapors, or solids, that are subject to RCRA) in concentrations in excess of appropriately protective risk-based "levels" (for the media, that identify risks within the acceptable risk range).

² Recent evidence (from the Colorado Dept. of Public Health and Environment, and others) suggest that unacceptable indoor air concentrations are more common in structures above groundwater with volatile contaminants than previously believed. This is a rapidly developing field and reviewers are encouraged to look to the latest guidance for the appropriate methods and scale of demonstration necessary to be reasonably certain that indoor air (in structures located above (and adjacent to) groundwater with volatile contaminants) does not present unacceptable risks.

3.

Are there complete pathways between "contamination" and human receptors such that exposures can be reasonably expected under the current (land- and groundwater-use) conditions? Summary Exposure Pathway Evaluation Table Potential **Human Receptors** (Under Current Conditions) "Contaminated" Media Residents Workers Day-Care Construction Trespassers Recreation Food³ Soil (subsurface e.g., >2 ft) No No Instructions for Summary Exposure Pathway Evaluation Table: 1. Strike-out specific Media including Human Receptors' spaces for Media which are not "contaminated" as identified in #2 above. 2. Enter "yes" or "no" for potential "completeness" under each "Contaminated" Media -- Human Receptor combination (Pathway). Note: In order to focus the evaluation to the most probable combinations some potential "Contaminated" Media - Human Receptor combinations (Pathways) do not have check spaces ("____"). While these combinations may not be probable in most situations they may be possible in some settings and should be added as necessary. If no (pathways are not complete for any contaminated media-receptor combination) skip to #6, and enter "YE" status code, after explaining and/or referencing condition(s) in-place, whether natural or man-made, preventing a complete exposure pathway from each contaminated medium (e.g., use optional Pathway Evaluation Work Sheet to analyze major pathways). If yes (pathways are complete for any "Contaminated" Media - Human Receptor combination) - continue after providing supporting explanation. If unknown (for any "Contaminated" Media - Human Receptor combination) - skip to #6 and enter "IN" status code Rationale and Reference(s): The cap and requirements of the post closure permit prevents exposure to contaminated subsoils at the landfill.

³ Indirect Pathway/Receptor (e.g., vegetables, fruits, crops, meat and dairy products, fish, shellfish, etc.)

greater in mag "levels" (used though low) a	Can the exposures from any of the complete pathways identified in #3 be reasonably expected to be " 'significant'' 4 (i.e., potentially "unacceptable" because exposures can be reasonably expected to be: 1) greater in magnitude (intensity, frequency and/or duration) than assumed in the derivation of the acceptable "levels" (used to identify the "contamination"); or 2) the combination of exposure magnitude (perhaps ever though low) and contaminant concentrations (which may be substantially above the acceptable "levels") could result in greater than acceptable risks)?				
	If no (exposures can not be reasonably expected to be significant (i.e., potentially "unacceptable") for any complete exposure pathway) - skip to #6 and enter "YE" status code after explaining and/or referencing documentation justifying why the exposures (from each of the complete pathways) to "contamination" (identified in #3) are not expected to be "significant." If yes (exposures could be reasonably expected to be "significant" (i.e., potentially "unacceptable") for any complete exposure pathway) - continue after providing a description (of each potentially "unacceptable" exposure pathway) and explaining and/or referencing documentation justifying why the exposures (from each of the remaining complete pathways) to "contamination" (identified in #3) are not expected to be "significant."				
	If unknown (for any complete pathway) - skip to #6 and enter "IN" status code				
Rationale and	Reference(s):				
Rationale and	Reference(s):				
Rationale and	Reference(s):				
Rationale and	Reference(s):				
Rationale and	Reference(s):				

⁴ If there is any question on whether the identified exposures are "significant" (i.e., potentially "unacceptable") consult a human health Risk Assessment specialist with appropriate education, training and experience.

Can the "significant" exposures (identified in #4) be shown to be within acceptable limits?				
If yes (all "significant" exposures have been shown to be within acceptable limits) - continue and enter "YE" after summarizing <u>and</u> referencing documentation justifying why all "significant" exposures to "contamination" are within acceptable limits (e.g., a site-specific Human Health Risk Assessment).				
If no (there are current exposures that can be reasonably expected to be "unacceptable"; continue and enter "NO" status code after providing a description of each potentially "unacceptable" exposure.				
If unknown (for any potentially "unacceptable" exposure) - continue and enter "IN" state code				

5.	Check the appropriate RCRIS status codes for the Current Human Exposures Under Control EI event code (CA725), and obtain Supervisor (or appropriate Manager) signature and date on the EI determination below (and attach appropriate supporting documentation as well as a map of the facility):							
	<u>X</u>	X YE - Yes, "Current Human Exposures Under Control" has been verified. Based on a review of the information contained in this EI Determination, "Current Human Exposures" are expected to be "Under Control" at the USA Waste of Virginia Landfills, Inc., Wheelabrator Landfill facility, EPA ID #VAD000063669, located at Bedford, VA under current and reasonably expected conditions. This determination will be re-evaluated when the Agency/State becomes aware of significant changes at the facility.						
	NO - "Current Human Exposures" are NOT "Under Control."							
		IN - More information is	needed to make a determina	ation.				
	Completed by	original signed Dennis G. Lund Environmental Engineer Se		ate <u>9/17/04</u>				
	Supervisor	original signed Leslie A. Romanchik Director, Office of Waste P Virginia Department of Env	ermitting	ate <u>9/17/04</u>				
	Locations where References may be found:							
	Depart Waste 629 Ea	nwealth of Virginia nent of Environmental Quali vivision t Main St. nd, Virginia 23219	y					
	Contact telephone and e-mail numbers:							
	(name) (phone (fax #) (e-mail	Dennis G. Lund (804) 698-4232 (804) 698-4234 dglund@deq.virgii	nia.gov					

FINAL NOTE: THE HUMAN EXPOSURES EI IS A QUALITATIVE SCREENING OF EXPOSURES AND THE DETERMINATIONS WITHIN THIS DOCUMENT SHOULD NOT BE USED AS THE SOLE BASIS FOR RESTRICTING THE SCOPE OF MORE DETAILED (E.G., SITE-SPECIFIC) ASSESSMENTS OF RISK.